

General Information



The scientific name of Mulberry is *Morus* spp., a genus belonging to the Moraceae Family of the Urticales Subclass, and it is usually associated with sericulture, the production of silk with the silkworm. Mulberries mostly cultivated in warm and subtropic areas of north hemisphere.

Mulberry trees do not need and pesticide and could grow in the wild without additional care.

Cultivation in Turkey

The most important berry fruits in terms of amount of production in Turkey after grape are strawberry and followed by mulberry. In Turkey, Mulberry trees are grown only for fruit production compared to the other main mulberry production countries which use mulberry trees for leaf yield in sericulture.

The proportion of mulberry trees in Turkey is 95% of trees belonging to *Morus alba* (White Mulberry), %3 to *Morus nigra* and 2% to *Morus rubra*. The limited number of trees belongs to *Morus laevigata*

Mulberries are cultivated throughout Turkey but they are more common in Northeast, Southeast and Central Anatolia

between 0 to 1500 m above sea level. The biggest cultivation areas are; Malatya, Erzincan, Elazığ and Erzurum.



Harvest & Export

The harvest of Turkish mulberries starts in June in western regions and continues in Northern part until the end of August.

In Tunceli, Çemişgezek, 300MT of mulberries produced annually. This seedless white mulberries are called “Ulukale Mulberries” and mostly exported to Holland, Germany, Belgium, France and other European countries. It is also geographically indicated as “Çemişgezek Seedless Dried Mulberry”.



Another type that is being exported is “Elazığ Local Mulberry”. These mulberries are bigger than Ulukale mulberries and 2020 crop quantity was around 700MT.

Please do not hesitate to ask for further. We would be glad to send you our quotations.

